





AGENDA

- What Is An Executive Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan
- How Executive Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plans Differ From ERISA Plans
- How To Best Utilize An Executive Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan To Attract,
 Reward, Retain, And Retire Mission-critical Employees
- Q&A

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EXECUTIVE NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

WHAT IS AN EXECUTIVE NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN?

A **Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan** is a negotiated deferred compensation arrangement between an employer and an employee

- Permits highly compensated employees to voluntarily defer otherwise currently taxable compensation
- Dollars deferred grow tax-free until a future specified date or event
- Distributions would be subject to tax at the time of receipt

Not a retirement plan governed by Employee Retirement Income Security Act (ERISA) Governed by IRC 409A



COMPANY BENEFITS

- Increased retirement savings opportunities for highly-compensated employees (HCEs)
- Align employee incentives with employer goals and objectives
- Reward a select group of long-term loyal employees
- Protect the employer from the loss of mission-critical employees

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EXECUTIVE NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

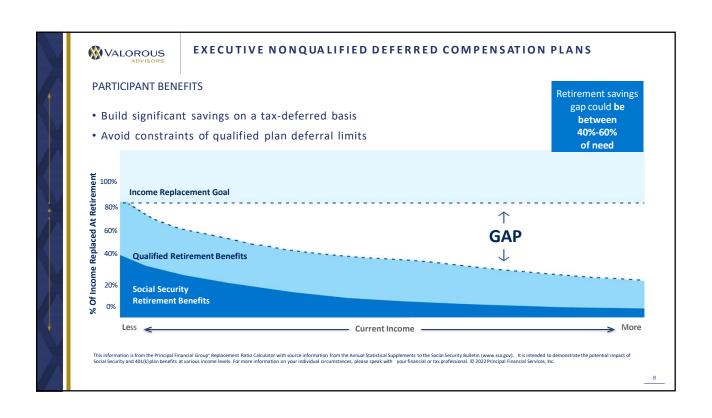
COMPANY CONSIDERATIONS

- The plan must be unfunded
 - Assets may not be set aside for the payment of future nonqualified plan benefits
 - Participant accepts the risk of not knowing whether the company will have the ability to meet the future obligation
- \bullet The plan must be primarily for the purpose of providing deferred compensation
 - The plan should not be designed to provide health or welfare benefits, such as post-employment medical care or long-term care insurance
- Selected Groups
 - ERISA does not contain statutory terms for select group, highly-compensated, ormanagement
 - Courts have *generally* upheld that to meet the requirements, participants should:
 - Possess the ability to negotiate and influence plan design
 - Earn 2-3x more than excluded employees
 - As a group, comprise no more than 10%-15% of total employees



REPORTING & DISCLOSURES

- Department of Labor
 - Top Hat Plan Statement Within 120 Days Of Plan Inception
- Internal Revenue Service
 - W-2 And 1099 For Tax Treatment
- Securities & Exchange Commission
 - Annual Reports
- Accounting
 - Recording And Reporting Liabilities





PARTICIPANT CONSIDERATIONS

- Substantial risk of forfeiture
- Plan assets subject to claims of creditors
- Deferral elections must be made prior to year compensated
- Rollovers and loans not permitted

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HOW EXECUTIVE NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS DIFFER FROM ERISA PLANS

UNDERSTAND THE DIFFERENCES

- ERISA Requirements
- Deferral Elections
- Contributions And Vesting
- Coverage And Discrimination
- Funding
- Distributions And Loans







HOW EXECUTIVE NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS DIFFER FROM ERISA PLANS

WHO MIGHT BE IN THE TOP HAT GROUP?

Position	Eligible
President & CEO	90%
Vice Presidents	75%
Board of Directors	21%
Director Level	45%
Division or Unit Managers	14%
Other	29%

Survey Question: "In your organization, which positions are eligible to participant in a nonqualified plan?"

Source: Newport Group Compensation, Retirement, and Benefits Trends Report, Executive Summary, 2022 Edition

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HOW EXECUTIVE NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS DIFFER FROM ERISA PLANS

DEFERRAL ELECTIONS

Qualified Plan

- Deferral elections may be:
 - Started at any time
 - Changed at any time
 - Stopped at any time

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan

- Deferral elections must be made prior to the calendar year in which compensated
 - May not change deferral election after election is declared



HOW EXECUTIVE NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS DIFFER FROM ERISA PLANS

CONTRIBUTIONS AND VESTING

Qualified Plan

- Salary deferrals are limited to the §402(g) contribution limit (\$22,500 for 2023)
- Total annual contribution is limited to the §415
 Annual additions limit (\$66,000 for 2023)
- Vesting schedules must meet IRS standards

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan

- No salary deferral limit
- No annual limit on employer contributions
- No limits or minimum requirements for the Design of vesting schedules

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HOW EXECUTIVE NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS DIFFER FROM ERISA PLANS

COVERAGE AND DISCRIMINATION

Qualified Plan

- May not discriminate in favor of HCEs
 - Plan intended to be as inclusive as possible
- Generally, may not exclude groups of employees

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan

- Must discriminate in favor of a select group of management employees
 - No minimum coverage requirement



HOW EXECUTIVE NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS DIFFER FROM ERISA PLANS

FUNDING

Qualified Plan

- Strict funding rules apply:
 - Employee & employer contributions must be made in a timely manner
- Plan assets held exclusively for participants
- Plan assets values reflect actual investment

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan

- No required employee or employer contributions
- Plan assets subject to claims of creditors
- Benefit value is equal to compensation and Earnings at a declared rate

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HOW EXECUTIVE NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS DIFFER FROM ERISA PLANS

DISTRIBUTIONS AND LOANS

Qualified Plan

- In-service distributions limited to hardship
 - 10% excise (penalty) tax on distributions prior to age 59½ years of age
- Minimum distribution requirements apply
- Rollovers and loans permitted

Nonqualified Deferred Compensation Plan

- In-service distributions are permitted
 - 10% excise (penalty) tax prior to age 59½ does not apply
- No minimum distribution requirements apply
- Rollovers and loans not permitted



HOW TO BEST UTILIZE AN EXECUTIVE NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLAN TO ATTRACT, REWARD, RETAIN, AND RETIRE MISSION-CRITICAL EMPLOYEES

- Use performance-based contributions and performance-based vesting to motivate key performers
- Customize contribution and vesting schedules to use as performance rewards for key employees
- Attract top talent via signing bonuses tied to tenure or performance
- Restore company match benefits you're unable to make in qualified plans due to testing or compensation limits
- Use employer contributions or phantom stock to incent employee Performance
 - Employee participates in increases or decreases in the valuation of the company, which creates an ownership-like experience without stock dilution

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EXECUTIVE NONQUALIFIED DEFERRED COMPENSATION PLANS

Q&A

